

A REPORT ON WINTER WORKSHOP 2017

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INAUGURATION- A Report

Chief Guest: Prof. J Made Gowda
Dean, Dept. of Commerce
Kuvempu University

Date:16-12-2017

“You are never too old to set another goal or to dream a new dream”

-C S LEWIS

To add up new skills benefitting our goal, the Winter Workshop of 2017 was inaugurated on 16th of December. The necessity to inculcate quality based education is very important in today’s competitive world and hence our workshop’s theme “Knowledge is a life with wings” portrayed the numerous arena of knowledge we would acquire in the course of ten days.

Words of motivation give us confidence to take in all the good things on the way. The inauguration session of the workshop was presided over by Prof. J Made Gowda, Dean, Dept. of Commerce, Kuvempu University, as the chief guest. In his inaugural address, he expressed his joy of visiting Pathways describing it to be the “temple of learning”. He expressed his concerns on the over population of Universities with low quality education system. There is no substitute for subject knowledge and we the youth of the nation should contribute to the “service economy” in order to build up a strong nation. Our contribution is necessary because, in recent times the changed economy has resulted in stagnation of job opportunities.

The chief guest stressed upon the need to attain proficiency in both English and our mother tongue. English can act as a weapon to make one stand out of the group and create individual impact. He also talked about the importance of building up a strong personality which would speak volumes.

The inauguration also witnessed the presence of Dr. Shashirekha K R, Principal, Sahyadri Science College, Dr. H M Vagdevi, Principal, Sahyadri Commerce and Management College who showered us with words of encouragement.

Aviation

Facilitator: Mr. Sunil S Gowda
Cabin Crew, Air India

Date: 16-12-2017

“Flight is the only true new sensation that man has achieved in modern society”.

-James Dickey

Aviation plays a vital role in our national development by strengthening our transportations, export of goods and our security in defense force.

In today’s era where the whole world is cringed into a village, people are travelling new places to explore them and learn about their cultures and traditions. Aviation has become the widest means to achieve this dream of travelling around the world. Our Alumnus Mr. Sunil S Gowda, gave us an opportunity to know and understand the on goings in the Aviation Industry.

Brushing up on the important aspects that are necessary to fly, like the air tickets, passport and visa, the facilitator informed us about the different functioning units of an airport such as the Land site and the Air site. He explained us terms like the Apron, Air traffic control, types of detectors, Immigration counters, Duty free shops, Flight information Display systems and the safety measures one should follow while flying.

“All our dreams can come true, if we have the courage to pursue them”. One has millions of opportunities in the aviation industry through which we can full fill our dreams. Our resource person gave us the steps and procedures to get into the industry and get recruited. He also shared his experience working as a cabin crew in Air India.

Concluding the session the facilitator motivated us to be bold, positive and take jobs that create an excitement in one’s life.

The Journey of Cartoons

Facilitator: Prof. J Balakrishna, Date: 17-12-2017
GKVK, Bengaluru.

“A picture says a thousand words”

Through years “pictures” have been our first bit of media. They are our communication when we don’t have a voice. They are efficient. They are effective, and one of the best forms of picture is the art of “Cartoons”. Prof. J Balakrishna, introduced us to a world of imprinting history through cartoons.

Cartoons are our oldest form of visual storytelling. Informing us on the definition and origins of cartoons, the facilitator quoted the Italian word “Carton” from which the present name is derived. Originally “carton” meant a method of writing drafts, but after John Leach’s England Parliament fire drawing, similar art came to be called “carton”. The history of cartoons dates back to the time when men used to draw on rocks and caves. Eventually people started painting the funny sides of human’s everyday lifestyle. When people started producing newspapers, they put up a story with a picture. Gradually, newspaper began producing cartoons within their paper. England’s “punch” is one such newspaper that is solely for publishing cartoons.

The resource person also informed us about the different forms of cartoons. Some of the forms that he mentioned were Editorial Cartoons, Pocket Cartoons, Political Cartoons and many more. Now, as cartoons are used for conveying messages, they are reaching a really wide public because of its ability to make people understand things without the effort of reading or of a lengthy explanation. Cartoons associate the readers to humor, happiness and fun and can serve to relax a situation.

Prof. Balakrishna, introduced us to some of the cartoons that have had major impact on the society. Some of them he mentioned are Benjamin Franklin’s “Do or Die”, Cartoons of Malaysian Cartoonist Junar, Father of political cartoon – James Gley’s Cartoons and many more. Their cartoons created sense about political on goings, evolutionary process and controversial matters. Cartoon evolution in India took a major step when cartoonist all over the world portrayed Gandhi’s freedom movements in their cartoons. Through years India has seen great cartoonist like R K Narayan, Ponnappa, Satish Acharya. Mr. Shankar

Pillai is described to be the “Father of Indian Cartoons”. Indians have witnessed millions of brilliant cartoons including the recent demonetization act.

Cartoon has the power to make something big and powerful into something small and manageable. It is means to communicate something that people find scary or unpleasant. Therefore the session helped us to discover some new arena to learn and add up to our gallons of knowledge we receive at Pathways.



Indian Cartoonist – R K Narayan

BIO-LINGUISTICS

Facilitator: Prof. J Balakrishna
GKVK, Bengaluru.

Date: 17-12-2017

“Nobody is taught of Language. In fact, one cannot prevent a child from learning it”.

-Noam Chosky

Bio-Linguistics is the name given to the interdisciplinary enterprise that aims to unveil the biological bases of the unique capacity of language. Is human language an evolutionary adaptation? - is a frequently researched topic which should be understood in the proper sense and this was very informatively conveyed to us by Prof. J Balakrishna.

In 1974, “Bio-linguistic” firstly came into usage. Many questions through research have attained conclusions and many more are yet to be answered. Our resource person introduced us to Noam Chomsky, who is considered the founder of modern linguistics. His “Universal Grammar” theory created a revolution in the understanding of linguistics. One more notable person in the field is Eric Lenneberg, who had the pioneer ideas on language acquisition and cognitive psychology.

ಪ್ರಾಕ್ತನಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ

Facilitator: Dr. KeladiVenkateshJoisDate:19-12-2017

“ಪೃಥುವಿಯಾಪ್ರಥಮಸುಪ್ರಭಾತದಲಿ,
ಇತಿಹಾಸದೃಷ್ಟಿಗಸ್ಪಷ್ಟ ಅಜ್ಞಾತಪ್ರಾಚೀನದಲಿ,
ಆರ್ಯಮಾತೆಯಮೊದಲತೊದಲನುಡಿಯಿಂದೆ,
ನಾಗರಿಕತೆಯಸಾಮಗಾನದವಾಣಿಯಿಂದೆ,
ಹಾಡಿದಮೂರ್ತಿನೀನೆಲೆಹೇಭಾರತೀ, ಹೇಗಾಯತ್ರೀ”

ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಕವಿಕುವೆಂಪುರವರಈಸಾಲುಗಳುಭಾರತದಇತಿಹಾಸಮತ್ತುಪುರಾತ
ತ್ವದಬಗ್ಗೆನಮ್ಮಗಮನಸೆಳೆಯುವಂತೆ,
ಭಾರತವುಭವ್ಯಇತಿಹಾಸಕ್ಕೆನೆಲೆಯಾಗಿರುವಬೀಡು.ಇಂತಿಪ್ಪಭಾರತದಉತ್ತರ
ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಿಲ್ಲಿ, ಆಗ್ರಾ, ಫತ್ತೇಪುರಸಿಕ್ರಿ, ಲಖ್ನೋ, ಸಾಸಾರಾಮ್,
ಮಾಂಡುಇತ್ಯಾದಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿಕಟ್ಟಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಇಸ್ಲಾಮಿಕ್ಮನ್ಯುಮೆಂಟ್ಸ್‌ಗಳುಆಯಾ
ವಾಸ್ತುಅಂಗಗಳಾದ, ಗುಂಬರ್, ಮಿನಾರ್, ಮೆಹರಬ್, ದರ್ವಾಜಾ,
ಮಂಝಿಲ್, ನೆಹರ್ಗಳಅಸ್ತಿತ್ವವಿದೆ.

ಮಧ್ಯಭಾರತದಲ್ಲೆಹರಡಿದಸಾಂಚಿ, ವಿದಿಶಾ, ಭೀಮಖೇಟಕಾ, ಅಜಂತಾ,
ಎಲ್ಲೋರಾಗಳಂಥಬೌದ್ಧಹಾಗೂಹಿಂದುಸಂಪ್ರದಾಯಗಳಕಟ್ಟಡಗಳುಹಾ
ಗೂಗುಹಾಂತರ್ದೇವಾಲಯಗಳಿವೆ. ದಕ್ಷಿಣದಲ್ಲಿ, ಬಾದಾಮಿಚಾಲುಕ್ಯರ,
ದ್ವಾರಸಮುದ್ರದಹೊಯ್ಸಳರ, ಕಾಂಚಿಪುರಂನಪಲ್ಲವರ,
ಮಹಾಬಲಿಪುರಂನಚೋಳರ,
ವಿಜಯನಗರದದೇವಾಗಾರಗಳಲ್ಲಿವಿಜಯನಗರದಕೆತ್ತನೆಯಕುಸುರಿನಕೆಲಸ
ಅತ್ಯಂತಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮ.

ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿಸ್ವಪತಿಗಳುಕಲ್ಲುಕುಸುರಿನಇಂದ್ರಜಾಲವನ್ನೇನಿರ್ಮಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.
ನಲ್ಲೂಹಿನಅಪ್ಸರೆಯರುಕುಣಿಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

ಶಿಲ್ಪಗಳುಆಭರಣಗಳಿಂದಭಾರವಾಗಿವೆ.

ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನದಗೋಪುರಗಳುವಾಸ್ತುಕಲೆಯಸಂಪುಷ್ಕಗಳಾಗಿವೆ.

ಮೆದುತನಹಾಗೂಸೌಂದರ್ಯಗಳುಇಲ್ಲಿನ್ಯತ್ಯಾಂಗನೆಯಲ್ಲಿಕೋರೈಸಿವೆ.

ಪುರಾತತ್ವಶಾಸ್ತ್ರವುಹಿಂದಿನಕಾಲದಮಾನವಸಮಾಜಗಳಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ
ಬಗೆಗಿನಅಧ್ಯಯನ.

ಇದನ್ನುಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕವಾಗಿಕೈಗಳಿಂದಮಾಡಿದಹಸ್ತಕೃತಿಗಳು, ವಾಸ್ತುಶಿಲ್ಪ,
ಜೈವಿಕಸಂಗತಿಗಳುಮತ್ತುಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕಭೂದೃಶ್ಯಗಳುಮೊದಲಾದವುಗಳ

ನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಂತೆ ಅವರು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಹೋದ ಪರಿಸರದ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಳ ಮತ್ತು ಭೌತಿಕ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಪುನಃ ಸಂಪಾದನೆ ಮತ್ತು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಣೆಯ ಮೂಲಕ ಮಾಡಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರವು ಅಸಂಖ್ಯಾತ ಕಾರ್ಯಸರಣಿಗಳನ್ನು ತೊಡಗಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದರಿಂದ,

ಇದನ್ನು ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಮಾನವಕುಲ ಎಂಬುದಾಗಿ ಪರಿಗಣಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರವು 2.5

ದಶಲಕ್ಷ ವರ್ಷಗಳ ಹಿಂದೆ ಪೂರ್ವ ಆಫ್ರಿಕಾದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೊದಲ ಕಲ್ಲಿನ ಉಪಕರಣಗಳ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿಯಾದಂದಿನಿಂದ ಇತ್ತೀಚಿನ ದಶಕಗಳ ವರೆಗಿನ ಮಾನವ ಇತಿಹಾಸವನ್ನು ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಸಮೀಕ್ಷೆ,

ಉತ್ಖನನ ಮತ್ತು ಅಂತಿಮವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಕಾಲದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ತಿಳಿಯಲು ಸಂಗ್ರಹಿಸಿದ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯ ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಣೆಯನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತದೆ. ವಿಸ್ತಾರವ್ಯಾಪ್ತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ, ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರವು ವೈವಿಧ್ಯಮಯ-

ಶಿಸ್ತುಬದ್ಧ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆಯನ್ನು ಅವಲಂಬಿಸಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪಾಠ್ಯೇ ಸ್ವಮಧ್ಯಮರಜೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಗಾರದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಿನಾಂಕ: 19-12-2017

ರಂದು ಪಾಠ್ಯೇ ಸ್ವಿದ್ಯಾಧಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಡಾ.

ಕೆಳದಿ ವೆಂಕಟೇಶ ಜೋಯಿಸ್ರವರಿಂದ ಪ್ರಾಕ್ತನ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಥವಾ ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರದ ಕುರಿತು ಉತ್ತಮ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಪಡೆಯುವ ಅವಕಾಶದೊರಕಿತು.

ಆರಂಭದಲ್ಲಿ ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಇತಿಹಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಮಾತ್ರ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ್ದಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾ ಲಿಪಿಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡುತ್ತಾ ತಮ್ಮ ಮಾತು ಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸಿ ಮೋಡಿಲಿಪಿ, ತಿಗಳಾರಿಲಿಪಿಗಳ ಕುರಿತು ಹೇಳುತ್ತಾ ಆಲಿಪಿಗಳ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಸಭಿಕರಿಗೆ ತೋರಿಸಿದರು.

ಆಲಿಪಿಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನದಲ್ಲಿ ಲಭ್ಯವಿರುವ ಕೆಲಸಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದರು.

ಹಲವಾರು ಸತ್ಯಘಟನೆಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ದಾಹರಣೆಗಳ ಮೂಲಕ ಮಹಾಸತಿ ಕಲ್ಲು, ವೀರಗಲ್ಲುಗಳ ಕುರಿತು ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಗಮನ ಸೆಳೆದರು.

ಯೋಧನೊಬ್ಬಯು ದ್ದಲ್ಲಿ ವೀರಮರಣವನ್ನು ಪ್ಪಿದ ಸಂಕೇತವಾಗಿ ಶಿಲೆಯಿಂದ ನಿರ್ಮಿತವಾಗುವ ಮತ್ತು ಶಿಲೆಯ ತಲಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋಧನು ವೀರಮರಣವನ್ನು ಪ್ಪಿದ ಕಾರಣವನ್ನು ಚಿಕ್ಕವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಲಾಗುವ ಮಾಸ್ತಿಗಲ್ಲು ಮತ್ತು ವೀರಗಲ್ಲುಗಳು ಇತಿಹಾಸದ ನಿಜರೂಪ ನೀಡುತ್ತವೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಸುಮಾರು ೨೫೫೦ ವೀರಗಲ್ಲುಗಳು ಕಂಡುಬಂದಿವೆ.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಕದಂಬರ ಕಾಲದಿಂದಲೂ ವೀರಗಲ್ಲುಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಥಾಪಿಸುವ ವಾಡಿಕೆಯು ಮುಂದುವರಿದುಕೊಂಡುಬಂದಿದೆ; ಎಂದು ತಿಳಿಸಿದರು.

ಮುಂದುವರಿದಂತೆಡಾ.

ಕೆಳದಿವೆಂಕಟೇಶಜೋಯಿಸರು ಇತಿಹಾಸದಕೆಲವುಮುಖ್ಯಘಟನೆಗಳಮಾಹಿತಿ ಹಂಚಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾ ತಾಳೆಗರಿ, ಶಾಸನಗಳಾದಧರ್ಮಶಾಸನಗಳು, ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿಶಾಸನಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಶಿಲಾಶಾಸನಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಸ್ಮಾರಕಗಳ ಬಗೆಗೆ ಮಾತನಾಡಿದರು. ಕೊನೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಾಚ್ಯವಸ್ತುಶಾಸ್ತ್ರದ ವರ್ಗೀಕರಣ, ಪುರಾತತ್ವ ಇಲಾಖೆ ಕೈಗೊಳ್ಳುವ ಕಾರ್ಯಗಳ ಬಗೆಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿದರು.

ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಜಗದ್ವಿಖ್ಯಾತ ಐತಿಹಾಸಿಕ ಸ್ಮಾರಕಗಳಾದ ಹಂಪಿ, ಬಿಜಾಪುರ ಹಾಗೂ ಬೇಲೂರು- ಹಳೇಬೀಡುಗಳ ಬಗ್ಗೆ ಸಹವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ನೀಡಿತಮ್ಮ ಉಪನ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಅಂತ್ಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದರು. ಪುರಾತತ್ವವು ನಮ್ಮ ಜೀವನಕ್ಕೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಸಂಬಂಧಿತವಾಗಿದೆ ಮತ್ತು ಇತಿಹಾಸಪುಸ್ತಕಗಳಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಖಲಾಗಿರುವ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯಷ್ಟೆ ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಮಾನವನ ಹಿಂದಿನ ವಸ್ತು-ಮನುಷ್ಯ ಒಡನಾಟಗಳ ಮಹತ್ವ ಅರಿಯುವಲ್ಲಿ ಅವಶ್ಯ. ಐತಿಹಾಸಿಕ ಸ್ಮಾರಕಗಳ ಚರಿತ್ರೆಯ ಅರಿಯುವುದಾರಿದೀಪಗಳಾಗಿದ್ದು, ಇಂಥ ಸ್ಮಾರಕಗಳನ್ನು ಉಳಿಸಿಬೆಳೆಸಿ, ಸಂರಕ್ಷಿಸುವುದು ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬರ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ. ನಮ್ಮ ಇತಿಹಾಸವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಯದೆ ಇಂದಿನ ಮತ್ತು ಮುಂದಿನ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ನಶ್ವರ. ಹಾಗಾಗಿನಮ್ಮ ಇತಿಹಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ಪುರಾತತ್ವದ ಪ್ರಾಮುಖ್ಯತೆಯನ್ನು ರಿತಿರುವನಾ ವುಗಳ ಆಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದಿನ ಪೀಳಿಗೆಗೆ ಮತ್ತು ನಮ್ಮ ವಾರಿಗಳಿಗೆ ರವಾನಿಸುವುದು ಕರ್ತವ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ.

Research Methodology

Facilitator: Dr.RameshBabu N

Date: 20-12-2017

“Research is formalized curiosity. It is poking and prying with a purpose”.

-Zora Neale Hurston

We are all connected by the internet, we get lot many things from it but as long as there is an input to it, and to put that input we need to analyze, interpret and then give out desired or possible requirements/solutions. This is when “Research Methodology” comes into existence. With this we can take up problems, situations, analyze and interpret the data of it and help ourselves improvise and customize our needs. But one must know the calculated risks involved in Research Methodology. Dr.RameshBabu N, explained us about the proper methods of research and he listed out the steps to make us get a clear picture of it.

1. Selection of research problem
2. Survey
3. Making Hypothesis
4. Preparing research design
5. Data collection
6. Data analysis
7. Hypothesis testing
8. Interpretation
9. Report

The resource person told us to be more creative when it comes to choosing a research topic. He briefly explained us about different stages of survey that involves

- Exploratory: It includes open ended questions to get a good understanding of the people we survey.
- Descriptive: This helps us in redefining opinions and grouping the responses of the people.
- Casual: Here we attempt to understand variables of the cause and effect.

In the later part of the session, our resource person took a practical approach to analyze the data by taking random data and how Microsoft excel is useful in getting significant interpretation. It involved many concepts of statistics. He gave us hints about various tests like chi-test, F-test helpful in hypothesis testing. He reminded us of the importance of presentation of report by giving extra graphs,

maps and charts for illustrations. He also added that we must give bibliography references as well.

He concluded by asking us to think like nobody else, asked us to develop questioning and rationalize our thinking in order achieve better in research that we take up in our future days. The session was very significant research and inspired us to be researches in days to come.

WILDLIFE AND BIODIVERSITY

Facilitator: Dr. Nanda Appaji Date: 21-12-2017

Biodiversity Education

And Research Centre, Shimoga

“I can’t imagine anything more important than air, water, soil, energy and biodiversity. These are the things that keep us alive”.

-David Suzuki

It is our duty to preserve every strip of Biodiversity as priceless while we learn to use it and understand what it means to humanity.

Biodiversity is a portmanteau of “bio” and “diversity”, generally referring to variety and variability of life. It is necessary that we are aware of the basic structure of earth’s biodiversity nature. To render this information our resource person Dr. Nanda Appaji made his efforts with at most enthusiasm.

The session briefly included the characters, concepts, types, classifications, advantages and also methods through which we can enrich our biological resource.

The levels of biodiversity include genetic diversity, species diversity and ecosystem diversity. Our facilitator explained different types of fungi and their economic contribution to the society. Mushrooms are one of the important species of fungi that is of economics importance to human kind. Carolus Linnaeus was the first to observe the growth of mushrooms. It also included the explanation of types of bryophytes, pteridophytes, lichens and their economic uses.

Pollination is one of the important aspects for the growth of flora on earth. We were explained about the levels of pollination that occurs in normal conditions. The facilitator also taught us about the kingdom of vertebrates and of biodiversity hotspots. He reminded us of our responsibilities towards biodiversity conservation and the necessity of our participation in it.

The session brushed up our knowledge on biodiversity and wildlife and inspired us to make our mark in its conservation.

Alternative Architecture

Facilitator: VijayakumarSeetappa.

Date: 21-12-2017

“I know not with what weapons world war 3 will be fought, but World war 4 will be fought with sticks and stones”.

– Albert Einstein

We human beings are the most evolved species in the world and we are acting like we own this mother earth and we can do whatever we want. Now we are realising the fact that, if we go on increasing our activities here, our earth may not stay longer and will be unfit for human existence. So we started exploring new planets to live up on. But some people thought about saving our mother earth by implementing eco friendly methods and reducing the human activities which are not good for her. At this time a new concept arrived named as ‘Alternative Architecture’.

Our resource person Mr. VijaykumarSeetappa defined it as the architectural style that’s designed based on the local needs, availability of construction materials and reflecting local traditions. Even though it started in the 19th century, people have realized its importance in today’s days. The main difference between the architectural style we are following and this alternative architecture is that, here the architect seeks to strike a balance between ecological system and the design, the materials and techniques of construction.

The facilitator understood our curiosity and question on what may be the materials that are used for alternative architecture. To this he answered that in this method they use those naturally available materials in the surrounding and which are bio degradable in the soil like Sand, Limestone, Soil, Cow dung, Stones, Trees, Creepers, Cloth, Paddy, Bamboo, Branches of trees etc. Using all these things we can build a house. The main point here is, it costs only 30% of actual cost of house we are constructing using cement, granite etc.

Our facilitator, VijayakumarSeetappa first explained these things and he wanted us think more creatively so he gave us a sheet of paper and asked us to write the place where we want to build our dream house and he told us to do a sketch of that and write down the natural materials we will use in those houses. Each one of us started to pen down our imaginations and constrained it down to the

piece of paper. Thannal Hand Sculpture Homes, based on the Tiruvanmalai in Tamilnadu and Dalia – Didi contractor in Darmshalaare the famous group of people who are working on this Vernacular Eco architecture style. The main thing we need here is man power. We can learn on our own on how to build these houses and an institution named Sambhavana in Himachal Pradesh is offering internship to the interested candidates.

If we look at the negative aspects of these houses, the first thing is its life expectancy, which is about 60 years. We Indians build our homes as a mark of pride and a future investment. But how far people will get attracted to this is still a question and another main thing is, it is not as much secured as our houses. These are the main drawbacks we can observe.

“Human wants are unlimited but resources are limited”. In this regard, implementing of alternative styles will definitely help us for our betterment and a simple step like these may lead to beautiful changes all around and our mother earth may once again smile and shine with the charm. It's never too late to start new things and hence the session helped us to think about ways to make earth a better place.

Mother Earth

First child started his industry.
And next one started to construct buildings.
Next they started tear her skin and started to take flesh out
Later they cut down her hands and legs.
They prepared weapons with her resources
Started war among themselves in the name of Peace
The mother was still silent.
As they came to know they won't get anything else from her,
They wanted to shift to somewhere else
And they never cared to bother about her.
But what they forgot is she is getting old
She can't bare our sins any more.
We have to take care of her before it's too late
Because, prevention is better than cure.
We may get back our money but not our Mother

What not a Google can Teach

“One machine can do the work of fifty ordinary men. No machine can do the work of one extraordinary man”.

**Facilitator: Mr. Umesh P N,
Freelance online editor,
Cactus Communication**

Date: 22-12-2017

Modern technology has become so entrenched in the idea of a modern society that the two are nearly inseparable. Technology at its basic refers to methods, systems, and devices which are the result of scientific discoveries. We in today’s era are so much into these technology trends that we are trapped in its maze.

It’s time to take a look into the right things or uses of technology and think about the things it possibly can’t do. One such addicted usage or a habit that should be thought about is “Googling things”. “Google” has become our go-to destination for finding solutions to most of our problems or queries.

We found the right moment at Pathways to talk about things “What not a google can teach” and leading the topic was our day’s resource person, Mr. Umesh P N. It was an instant frequency match with our facilitator who had the at most energy to share the knowledge he had acquired.

Surfing through various websites and providing us with examples practically he made sure to revive the positive side of “google” as a helper in many ways. We logged into websites like “my-personalitytest.com”, “whatcareerising.com”, “whiteboard.com” and many more.

As a one-to-one discussion we interacted about the negative effects of the existence of “Google”. As points, we noted that “human emotions” are the major drawback that the google cannot provide us with. There were also other points heard on how the use of the search engine has had a huge impact on personal communication.

The session was very interactive and had us intrigued on the extent of dependability on “Google”. It was also an eye check into the latest trends in usage of internet as a technology.

“ live as if you were to die tomorrow

Learn as if you were to live forever”

The winter workshop valedictory function was facilitated by play write Dr.K.YNarayanaswamy. As a play write , poet he wrote number of plays like pamapabharatha , Kavalu , Anabignashakunthalaetc and poems . Wisdom is not a product of schooling but of the lifelong attempt to acquire knowledge, to attain such knowledge we must add the things every day.

Ms.Harshitha ,Ms.Thilaka and ms.chanadana recollected their memories and learnings of workshop. He started his words by appreciating them. His blessings is to encourage placement cells like pathways in other college also because pathways helps students in shaping them in future . He regretted the blaming to present situation because many programmes of nowadays are future centric but not student centric. To frame our society we should utilize our knowledge .success is gift for obedient loyal, those who think out of the box.

He also mentioned one quote of Einstein if you never made any mistakes in your life you'll never tried new and you'll never get success. He also talked about JADATHVA, even a stone can undergoes weathering at a suitable time we should learn from that also that we are not stagnant.

Life has many roads and travels we shouldn't deny our spirit to travel. Nothing is important above our own self-respect which leads to a dignity of life .

After that prof. K.H pandurangan suggested us to read literature and we must read according to our interest “ we grow according to the interest of the world. Yet we live according to the interest of our own decision.studing literature develops a creativeness in our mind. The presidential remarks were given by Dr. Shashirekha K.M she told us about wealth without waste and it's application is very important. Then to achieve anything self motivation is more important. This whole session was mastered by MsRajeshwari. Drmetimallikarjun approached vote of thanks to each and every resource persons who facilitated their excel topic then he also thankful to various committees of pathways for their conscious work.

PÀ£À_É0`ÉÆ PÀÄzÀÄgÉAiÀÄ£ÉÃj

Facilitator: Ms. Parvati and team

Date: 18-12-2017

ಸಿನಿಮಾ ಒಂದು ದೃಶ್ಯ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ರವ್ಯ ಮಾಧ್ಯಮ.

ಅದು ಒಂದು ನಿರ್ದಿಷ್ಟ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯಿಂದ ನಿರ್ಮಿತವಾದ ಸಾಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಕ ಕಲಾಕೃತಿ. ಸಿನಿಮಾವು

ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಪ್ರತಿಬಿಂಬ ಮಾತ್ರವಲ್ಲದೆ,

ಆ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಯ ಮೇಲೆ ಪರಿಣಾಮ ಬೀರುತ್ತದೆ. ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಕಲಾ ಪ್ರಾಕಾರಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದಾಗಿರುವ

ಸಿನಿಮಾವು ಮನೋರಂಜನೆಯ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಮೂಲ ಹಾಗೂ ಸಮುದಾಯಕ್ಕೆ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ನೀಡುವಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾ

ಮಾಜಿಕ ಜಾಗೃತಿ ಮೂಡಿ

ಸುವಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪಾತ್ರವಹಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಒಬ್ಬ ಲೇಖಕ ತನ್ನ ಲೇಖನಿಯಿಂದ ಹೊರಹಾಕಿದ

ಜ್ಞಾನವನ್ನು ಅನಕ್ಷರಸ್ತರಿಗೂ ತಲುಪಿಸುವಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿನಿಮಾಗಣನೀಯ ಕಾರ್ಯ ನಿರ್ವಹಿಸುತ್ತದೆ.

ಲೇಖಕ ಅಮರೇಶ್ ಗುಡೋಣಿಯವರ ಸವಾರಿಕಥಾ ಸಂಕಲನ ಆಧಾರಿತವಾದ,

ಗಿರೀಶ್ವಾಸರವಳ್ಳಿಯವರು ನಿರ್ದೇಶಿಸಿರುವ ಕನಸೆಂಬೊಂದು ಕುದುರೆಯನ್ನೇರಿ ಚಲನ ಚಿತ್ರವು ಇ

ದಕ್ಕೆ ಹಿಡಿದ ಕೈಗನ್ನಡಿಯಾಗಿದೆ.

ದಿನಾಂಕ 18/12/2017

ರಂದು ಪಾಠ್ಯ ಸ್ನಚಳಿಗಾಲದ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಗಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ಕು. ಪಾರ್ವತಿ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರ ತಂಡದವರು

'ಕನಸೆಂಬೊಂದು ಕುದುರೆಯನ್ನೇರಿ'

ಚಲನ ಚಿತ್ರವನ್ನು ಮಾನವನ ಸಾಮಾನ್ಯ ಮಾನಸಿಕ ಕ್ರಿಯೆಯಾದ ಕನಸು ಸೃಷ್ಟಿಸಬಲ್ಲ ಅಸಾ

ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ತಲ್ಲಣಗಳು ಈ ಸಿನಿಮಾದ ಕಥಾವಸ್ತು. Reverse and back screen

playಯಲ್ಲಿ ರೂಪಗೊಂಡಿರುವ ಈ ಸಿನಿಮಾವು 'ಸಿದ್ದ'

ಎಂಬ ಅಲೆಮಾರಿ ಜನಾಂಗದ ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತಿಸಂಪ್ರದಾಯದ ಮೇಲೆ ಬೆಳಕು ಚೆಲ್ಲುತ್ತದೆ.

ಉತ್ತರ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಸಿನಿಮಾವು ಛಾಯಾಗ್ರಹಣಗೊಂಡಿದ್ದು,

ಬಯಲು ಸೀಮೆಯ ಜನರ ಭಾಷೆ, ಆಚಾರ-ವಿಚಾರ, ಉಡುಗೆ-

ತೊಡುಗೆಗಳ ಪರಿಚಯ ಮಾಡಿಕೊಡುತ್ತದೆ.

ಈರ್ಯ (ವೈಜನಾಧಿರಾದಾರ್) ಮತ್ತು ರುದ್ರಿ (ಉಮಾಶ್ರೀ)

ಎಂಬ ಸಿದ್ದ ಜನಾಂಗಕ್ಕೆ ಸೇರಿದ ಬಡದಂಪತಿಗಳೇ ಸಿನಿಮಾದ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ಪಾತ್ರಧಾರಿಗಳು ಇವ

ರು ಯಾರದು ಸತ್ತರೆ,

ಅವರಿಗೆ ಗುಣಿತೋಡಿ ಬಂದ ಹಣದಿಂದ ಜೀವನ ನಡೆಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಕನಸನ್ನೇ ನಂಬಿ ಬದುಕುತ್ತಿ

ದ್ದು ಈ ದಂಪತಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಬೀಳುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ಕನಸುಗಳಲ್ಲೂ ಆಶ್ಚರ್ಯಕರ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಿಜವಾಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದ

ವು.

ಹಾಗೆಯೇ ಒಂದು ದಿನ ಈರ್ಯನಿಗೆ ಊರಿನ ಪ್ರಮುಖ ರಾದ ಹಿರಿಗೌಡರು ನಿಧನವಾಗಿರುವಂತೆ

ಕನಸು ಬಿತ್ತು ಅಂತೆಯೇ ಅವರು ತೀರಿಕೊಂಡಿದ್ದರು ಕೂಡ.

ಆದರೆಪಟ್ಟಣದಿಂದಬಂದಿದ್ದಹಿರಿಗೌಡರಮಗಶಿವನು,ಭೂಮಿಮಾರಿಬಂದಹಣದಿಂದ
ಕಾನ್ವೆಂಟ್‌ಲೆತೆಗೆಯುವಅವಸರದಲ್ಲಿದ್ದನುಅಪ್ಪನಸಾವಿನಸುದ್ದಿ ಊರಜನಕ್ಕೆತಿಳಿದರೆತ
ನ್ನವ್ಯವಹಾರಹದಿನೈದುದಿನಮುಂದೆಹೋಗಿಬಿಡುತ್ತದೆ.ಅಷ್ಟರಲ್ಲಿ ಊರಜನಹೊಲಮಾ
ರುವನಿರ್ಧಾರಬದಲಿಸಿಬಿಡಬಹುದು,
ಎಂಬಆತಂಕದಲ್ಲಿ ಈಸುದ್ದಿಯನ್ನು ಮುಚ್ಚಿಹಾಕುತ್ತಾರೆ.
ಮಾತ್ರವಲ್ಲದೆತಂದೆಯಹೆಣವನ್ನುಮೂರುದಿನಗಳಕಾಲಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯೇಇಟ್ಟುಮಣ್ಣು
ಮಾಡಿಸುತ್ತಾನೆ.

ಎಂದೂಹುಸಿಯಾಗದತಮ್ಮಕನಸುನನಸಾಗದೆಹೋಗಿದ್ದು ಆದಂಪತಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಅ
ತೀವದುಃಖವನ್ನುಂಟುಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ.
ಹಾಗುತಾವುಅನಾದಿಕಾಲದಿಂದಲೂನಂಬಿಕೊಂಡುಬಂದಿದ್ದ,
ಸಿದ್ದದೇವರಮೇಲೆಅವರುವಿಶ್ವಾಸಕಳೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತಾರೆ.
ದೇವರನ್ನುಕನಸನ್ನುನಂಬಿಕುಳಿತರೆಏನೋಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗದುಎಂದುನಿರ್ಣಯಿಸಿದಅವರು,
ತಮಗೆಇದ್ದಬರಡುಭೂಮಿಯಲ್ಲೇವ್ಯವಸಾಯಮಾಡಲುಪ್ರಾರಂಭಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ.
ಮೊದಲುಕಾಯಕ,ಬಳಿಕದೇವರುಎಂಬಸಿದ್ಧಾಂಥನಿರ್ಮಿಸಿಕೊಂಡುಆಸಿಧ್ಧನನಿರ್ದೇಶನ
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ಹಣವೇಂಬಭೂತದಹಿಂದೆಬಿದ್ದು ಆಧುನಿಕತೆಯಬಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿಲುಕಿನಲುಗುತ್ತಿರುವ
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ತಾಯಿಬಾಂಧವ್ಯಗಳಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನುವೀಕ್ಷಕರಿಗೆಈಮೂಲಕತಿಳಿಸುವಕಾರ್ಯವನ್ನುನಿ
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ಉಳ್ಳವರಮುಂದೆಬಡವರುಕಣ್ಣೀದ್ದೂಕುರುಡಾಗಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆಎಂಬಸಮಾಜಿಕಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮತೆ
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ದು.
ನಮ್ಮಕನಸುಗಳಿಗೆನಾವುಪ್ರಯತ್ನವೆಂಬಪೋಷಕಾಂಶಗಳನ್ನುಪೋರೈಸಿದಾಗಮಾತ್ರ
ಅದುನಮ್ಮದಿಯೆಂಬಮರವಾಗಿನಮ್ಮಬದುಕಿಗೆನೆರಳಾಗಬಲ್ಲದುಎಂಬುದನ್ನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಸೂಚ್ಯ
ವಾಗಿತಿಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

«Ä, ðzÀ PÁ®

Facilitator: Ms. Kanchana and team

Date: 18-12-2017

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SWEETEST TALE OF REVENGE

Facilitator: Mr. Darshan P S and team

Date: 19-12-2017

“”

The analysis of a film enables viewers to truly appreciate the work as a form of art. This in turn deepens the character, conflicts and theme of film making it more real or significant to the viewer.

MahishantePratikaram is a 2016 Malyalam comedy drama directed by DileshPothan and produced by Ashiq Abu. The performances are top notch from Fahad Fazil to Roubin to Alanair to Aparna, each outshines the other in their natural quotient.

Mr. Darshan P S and team as introductory hinted us on the plot of the movie through a small act. The movie is a mixture of revenge and love life of Mahesh, a passionate photographer who finds himself tangled in a street fight with Jimson and decides to boycott wearing his flip-flops until he takes his revenge. The movie revolves through this revenge and also includes the betrayal of his first girlfriend and in the second half finds his life partner in another girl.

The facilitators interacted with the volunteers and asked for the review of the movie. The team took turns to elaborate on the different aspects involved in moving making. They also listed down the number of awards the movie has bagged in top award shows. They also pointed out the areas in which the movie may had been improvised. The technical aspects had many new arenas which one can pursue in the future. The team was successful in portraying the purpose of their screening of the particular movie.

GREEN WIRELESS INTERNET TECHNOLOGY

Facilitator: Ms. Rashmi and team

Date: 20-12-2017

Recent technological advances have led to an increase in the carbon footprint. Energy efficiency in the Green Wireless Internet Technology has been attracting a lot of attention from researchers and designers over the last couple of years, paving the way for an emerging area called Green Wireless Internet Technology. There are various aspects (such as key enablers, communications, services, and applications) of Green Wireless Internet Technology, where efficient utilization of energy is needed to enable a green wireless internet technology environment.

This led Ms. Rashmi and team to take up the topic and discuss how the various enabling technologies (such as the Internet, smart objects, sensors, etc.) can be efficiently deployed to achieve a green wireless internet technology. Furthermore, they also reviewed various green wireless internet technology applications, projects and standardization efforts that are currently under way. Finally, they identified some of the emerging challenges that need to be addressed in the future to enable a green internet technology.

The following are some of the important aspects discussed in the presentation:

WHAT IS TECHNOLOGY?

The Term “TECHNOLOGY” refers to the application of knowledge for practical purposes

WHAT IS GREEN INTERNET TECHNOLOGY?

The field of “Green Technology” encompasses a continuously evolving group of methods and materials, from techniques for generating energy to non-toxic cleaning products. The present expectations are that this field will bring innovation and changes in daily life of similar magnitude to the “Internet technology” explosion over the last two decades.

The Goals That Inform Developments In This Rapidly Growing Field Include:

- Sustainability: Meeting the needs of society in ways that can continue indefinitely into the future without damaging or depleting natural resources.
- “Cradle to Cradle” design: Ending the “cradle to grave” cycle of manufactured products, by creating products that can be fully reclaimed or re-used.

- Source reduction: Reducing waste and pollution by changing patterns of production and consumption
- Innovation: Developing alternatives to technologies – whether fossil fuel or chemical agriculture.

Examples of green technology subject areas

- Energy: The most urgent issue for green technology, this includes the development of alternative fuels, new means of generating energy and energy efficiency.
- Green building: It includes everything - from the choice of building materials to where a building is located.

II. WHY GREEN INTERNET TECHNOLOGY?

In the future, communications will be prevalent in nature, allowing users access to any service, at any time, on any device. This will require devices to go beyond the rigid specification we have today to be able to adapt to a whole host of wireless networking, including the eventual 5G communication portal. Energy efficiency or green communications is now adopting a prominent role at the forefront of system design.

We aim to target high quality research and practical case studies in the very essence of Green Networking and reconfigurable transceivers to provide design requirement and recommendations for the key components for tomorrow's ICT networks that will support a whole host of future services, IoT and E-applications with minimized energy costs.

III. SAVING ENERGY WITH CLOUD COMPUTING

Energy can also be saved through cloud computing, namely the principle of outsourcing the programs and functions of one's own computer to service providers over the internet. This also means sharing storage capacity with others. In this case, smaller devices, some purely mobile, are all that is required to handle large volumes of data.

IV. THE FUTURE INTERNET:

Li-fi technology will in future enable faster, more reliable internet connections, even when the demand for the data usage has outgrowth the available supply for

existing technologies, but will work seamlessly alongside them. Using light to deliver wireless internet will also allow connectivity in environments that do not currently readily support Wi-Fi such as aircrafts cabins, hospitals and hazardous environment. Light is already used for data transmission in fibre-optic cables and in point to point links.

V. CONCLUSION: PAYING ATTENTION TO ECO-FRIENDLY MATERIALS

Another aspect of green IT is the material used for electronic devices, for the manufacture of which several toxic metals are used. A great deal of water is also used during production. The reserves of some of the elements, such as the rare earth elements (group of metals), are being depleted the world over. Recycling is therefore gaining in importance these issues are being followed by the climate protection organization Germanwatch through an awareness-raising campaign called “makeITfair”.

Fault in our Stars

Facilitator: Ms. Lakshmi and team

Date: 20-12-2017

“My thoughts are stars I cannot fathom into constellations”

-Fault in Our Stars

“In the end we can blame the stars or tell our self it wasn’t destined to happen, but deep down we know that the stars were not at fault and it wasn’t “meant to be”. The fault is in ourselves” these lines from the book “Fault in our stars” give us the outline of living between the knots of blame and wrongs.

Ms. Lakshmi and team took to this winter workshop to review the book “Fault in our Stars” by John Green. The book was published in January 2012 whose title was inspired by Act 1, Scene 2 of Shakespeare’s play Julius Caesar which says “ the fault is not in our stars but in ourselves that they are underlining”.

The story revolves around a sixteen year old girl - Hazel Lancaster and a seventeen year old Augustus Waters and the journey in between their fight with their cancer. Augustus and Hazel eventually fall in love and become each other’s support through their hard times. They learn that they have similar taste in books, particularly speaking of which “Imperial Affliction” by Peter Van Houten seemed to have intrigued both and they end at the writers office to discuss about the climax. The writers behavior wasn’t appropriate and they returned disaapointed.

Through the journey Augustus expressed his love for Hazel but when returned it seemed that Augustus’s disease had gooton severe and had very few days to live. He calls in his girlfriend and his friend Isaac to attend his pre-funeral as he wished to see their reactions. His death was disappointing to Hazel but thr fact that he had written a letter for his love soothed her. The words he wrote were imprinted in her soul forever. The book ends with Hazel stating that she would never regret her choice of loving Augustus and was happy with it.

The pre-funeral was the highlight of the book and it picturized the agony of loved one’s death. The team portrayed the beautiful outline of the story through acts and conveyed their conversations as a lesson to each one’s lives. The journey of the two cancer baring lives will be an inspiration to all.

HUMAN PSYCHOLOGY

Facilitator: Ms. Divya and Team

Date: 22-12-2017

“Psychology keeps trying to vindicate human nature. History keeps undermining the effort.”

-Mason Cooley

“Psychology is the science of human behavior and things that happen in the mind to create it. It’s a subject that fascinates almost everyone because we all have notions of what’s normal and what’s not”, these lines by David Watson points out the level of curiosity the field has on human kind. It has been a topic of discussion that can be briefly understood even to a common man.

Keeping in mind the necessity of understanding human behavior, Ms. Divya and team undertook the responsibility of reaching the basics of human psychology to Pathways Volunteers. Beginning with the act of meditation, the facilitators were successful in gaining the concentration of the volunteers into the topic. The effect of meditation was also explained in the later part. Defining the exact meaning of human psychology, the team members took turns in explaining the important aspects related to the topic.

The history of human psychology dates back to ancient Greek after which new milestones were prominently seen and through recent years, magnificent development has been taken place in the field. There also exist schools of psychology which bring new dimensions to the topic. The facilitators listed out 8 contrary characters that defined a human behavior and explained its doings in the form of small acts. They explained the kinds of changes that one individual, psychologically undergoes while growing from a toddler until they their reach old age. The team also briefed on a number of phobias that haunt a human being and gave hints on how to overcome them.

It is important that we know why we act the way we do, and thus the session gave us reasons to dig into our own behaviors and evaluate our self on the kind of attitude we possess and take measures to correct our faults.

ACTIVITY: LIFE IS A GAME..?

Facilitator: Final Year Volunteers Date: 24-12-2017

Activity based learning describes a range of pedagogical approaches to teaching. Its core premises include the requirement that learning should be based on doing activities. Activities are organized events done for enjoyment. The idea of activity based learning is rooted in the common notion that children are active learners rather than passive recipients of information. Activities provide opportunities for students to work in teams, to exercise leadership, responsibility, time management, self-confidence, real-life platform and take the initiative themselves. If a student is provided the opportunity to explore on their own and provided an optimum learning environment, then the learning becomes joyful and long lasting.

Life is a game because we cannot get to the top without planning things out. There are challenges everywhere in life. We planned an activity keeping all this in mind which had many sorts of game and learnings in that. First we discussed how life is a game..?. Further students were divided in groups and a unique name was given to group. Ms.Rajeshwari.A and Ms.Priyanka S conducted a "Puzzle Per flex". It's about creating and putting those exceptional pieces together. Life is also like a puzzle; you need all the small pieces to see the bigger picture. The group which solved the puzzle gets into next level of activity called "Silver cup". Ms.Himarashmi.S.Naik and Ms.Kavyashree.M.N conducted this, it is important to emphasize on time management. It helps the groups understand the importance of a shared vision and time management.

Ms.Kanchana and Ms.Supriya conducted a management activity on team building to foster awareness of the team spirit and to reinforce commitment to the team's shared goals and objectives. Ms.Chandana.S.Yogesh and Ms.Meghana.H.G conducted a wide game which was adventurous. It was a new experience for everyone. Students were blindfolded and taken into a predesigned forest where they went through fire, water, hills and many peculiar noise. Further after reaching the destination each student were given sweets and a card having a life message for completed their task successfully. Each of them took their own time to reach the destination after facing many obstacles. It shows each individual will succeed one or the other day with sincere effort.

We need to “play” life instead of endure it. We need to strive for greatness and have fun doing it. That’s the only way to collect the achievements we all seek security fulfillment, love and brotherhood. Best players in life know how and when to take risks. They never lose sight of the end goals and never ever give up. They understand that grinding and teamwork are a necessity and that planning ahead can greatly affect the outcome of any adventure.